## **RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA**

(Residential Autonomous College affiliated to University of Calcutta)

**B.A./B.Sc. FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2018** 

FIRST YEAR [BATCH 2018-21] ZOOLOGY [General]

Date : 21/12/2018 Time : 11 am - 1 pm

Paper : I

Full Marks: 50

## [Use a separate Answer Book for <u>each Group</u>]

## $\underline{Group-A}$

1.	An	swer <b>any five</b> questions:	[5 × 2]
	a)	What is clitellum?	
	b)	What are lobopodia and filopodia?	
	c)	Distinguish between polyp and medusa.	
	d)	Why cockroach is called as hemimetabolous insect?	
	e)	What are 'live flukes' and 'blood flukes'? Mention their systemic positions.	
	f)	What is Aristotle's lantern? Where it is found?	
	g)	Name the excretory organs of cockroach & earthworm.	
	h)	Mention the function of Cnidoblast cell. Where are they found?	
2.	Answer <b>any two</b> questions:		$[2 \times 2\frac{1}{2}]$
	a)	'Pila is an amphibious animal' — Discuss.	
	b)	Enumerate the general characteristics of phylum annelida.	
	c)	Write the distinguishing features of copepods with an example.	
	d)	Compare between protostomes and deuterostomes.	
	e)	Distinguish between commissure & connective. Give example of each.	
2	<b>A</b>		[2 5]
3.	An	swer <u>any two</u> questions:	$[2 \times 5]$
	a)	Describe the structure of ctenidia and mention its role in aquatic respiration of apple snail.	[3+2]
	b)	What is taenidia? Describe the role of alary muscle in the circulation of cockroach.	[2+3]
	c)	Draw and describe the structure of Flame Cell.	[2+3]
	d)	Mention the role of cilia in the locomotion of Paramoecium. Mention the sliding interaction	l
		between actin and myosin in amoeboid locomation.	[3+2]
	e)	What is ommantidium? Name different mechanoreceptors found in insects and mention one	e
		role of each.	[1+4]

## <u>Group – B</u>

4.	An	swer <b>any five</b> questions:	$[5 \times 2]$	
	a)	What is protoncogene? Give an example.	[1+1]	
	b)	What is hnRNA?		
	c)	What are proteronopia and deuteronopia?	[1+1]	
	d)	Write down four important characteristics of autosomal recessive inheritance.		
	e)	What do you mean by gynandromorphs?		
	f)	Mention the functions of Lysosome.		
	g)	Mention the cause of $\alpha$ Thalassemia.		
	h)	Enumerate the components and functions of Primsome.		
5.	An	Answer <b>any two</b> questions: $[2 \times 2\frac{1}{2}]$		
	a)	Why synthesis of DNA is discontinuous on the lagging strand.		
	b)	Compare between A,B and Z DNA.		
	c)	Mention the clinical findings of Down syndrome & Turner Syndrome.		
	d)	Describe the fluid mosaic model of Singer and Nicolson.		
	e)	Compare between RER and SER.		
6.	An	swer <u>any two</u> questions:	[2 × 5]	
	a)	Describe Rho dependent & Rho independent transcription termination.	[3+2]	
	b)	Define Linkage. Differentiate between incomplete and complete linkage. With the help of a		
		chart name the types of chromosomal aberration?	[1+1+3]	
	c)	Draw & describe solenoid model of nucleosome.	[5]	
	d)	Describe the secretory function of Golgi apparatus. Mention the role of Endoplasmic		
		Reticulum in detoxification and steroid metabolism.	[2+3]	
	f)	Explain the role of 'tdf' and 'sry' in the sex determination of men. What is meant by "Genic		
		balance"?	[3+2]	
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